

DMSO

V7A 10.5%
240 P₀ + 10% DMSO

25

$$A_{27} = \begin{matrix} 0.00411 \text{ fCi/cell} \\ 0.577 \text{ fCi/cell} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 \text{ pCi} \\ 0.037 \text{ Bq} \\ 1 \text{ fCi} = 0.037 \text{ mBq} \\ \cancel{0.00037 \text{ Bq}} \end{matrix}$$

$$A_0 = 0.13 \text{ mBq/cell. (historical)}$$

$$= 0.13 \frac{\cancel{\text{pCi}} \text{ mBq}}{\text{cell}} \left(\frac{1 \text{ fCi}}{0.037} \right) = 3.5 \frac{\text{fCi}}{\text{cell}}$$

6.1

$$\frac{59}{17} = 5.2$$

0.1	0.2	μCi/ml	0.5
0.01	0.4	μCi/ml	0.3
0.001	0.6	μCi/ml	0.1
			0.2
			0.35
			0.5

μCi/ml

V79 ²¹⁰Po vs 10% DMSO

1/13/99

Exp #	10% DMSO		0% DMSO		DNF
	A ₀ (mBq/cc)	n	A ₀ (mBq/cc)	n	
2	0.0288	5.71	0.0190 0.0189	2.24	0.8977
	0.0218	1	0.0243	1	0.90
2	0.0118	5.71			
3	0.0193	1	0.0191	1	1.01
					0.95
					±
					0.07

V79 COLONY FORMING ASSAY

Experiment Name : ^{210}Po -citrate + 10%DMSO ; Exp. # : 3; Investigator: A. Bishayee

Date: 10/23/98

1. Set the rocker-roller at 37°C incubator, set the Coulter Counter, wash cells (from 75 cm² flask, subcultured 1:2, 24h before) with PBS, trypsinize cells, resuspend in 7 ml MEMB, pass five times through 3 cc syringe with 21 gauge needle, perform cell count by transferring 100 ul in Coulter cup containing 20 ml isotone (Coulter balanced electrolyte solution)
2. Dilute to ~400,000 cells/ml in MEMB (final volume 11 ml) [Actual count : 495, 866 cells/ml]
3. Transfer 1 ml of cell suspension into ten 12 ml tubes (Falcon plastic test tube, 17x100 mm) labeled 1-10 both on cap and wall
4. Roll the tubes for 3-4 h at 37°C, 5% CO₂ Date/Time: 10/23/98; 4-00 p.m.
5. Calibrate the stock ^{210}Po -citrate for today (6.23 uCi/ml) *or* 10/16/98
6. After 3-4 h, remove test tubes from roller and add according to Table below. Date/Time: 10/23/98; 5-30 p.m.

Tube #	^{210}Po -citrate uCi/ml	Cells in MEMB (ml)	MEMB (ul)	Po-citrate <(6.23 uCi/ml) (ul)	10 % DMSO in MEMA (ml)	MEMA (ml)
1	0	1.0	1000	0	2	0
2	0	1.0	1000	0	2	0
3	0.2	1.0	935	65	2	0
4	0.35	1.0	885	115	2	0
5	0.5	1.0	840	160	2	0
6	0	1.0	1000	0	0	2
7	0	1.0	1000	0	0	2
8	0.2	1.0	935	65	0	2
9	0.35	1.0	885	115	0	2
10	0.5	1.0	840	160	0	2

7. Return test tubes to roller for 30 min. Date/Time: 10/23/98; 6-00 p.m.
8. After 30 min, centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C Date/Time: 10/23/98; 6-30 p.m.
9. During the centrifugation move roller to 10.5°C
10. Collect 150 ul supernatant in separate tubes

11. Add 8 ml of wash MEMA in each tube containing the pallet
12. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
13. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
14. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
15. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
16. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
17. Decant the supernatant, click tubes, vortex add 2 ml of MEMA with or without 10% DMSO as per Table
18. Transfer tubes at 10°C for 72 h. **Date/Time:** 10/23/98; 8-00 p.m.
19. Transfer 30 ul of supernatant in triplicate from step 10 into 20 ml scintillation vial containing 6 ml cocktail (Aquasol) and count for radioactivity **Date/Time:** 10/27/98; 11-00 a.m.
19. After 72 h, add 8 ml wash MEMA in each tube, vortex and centrifuge the tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C (precooled centrifuge) **Date/Time:** 10/26/98; 4-00 p.m.
20. Labeling and preparation of dilution tubes and colony dishes
 - load 60 mm petri dishes with 4 ml MEMA
 - load 30 test tubes with 4.5 ml MEMA and label them 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5; 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5; X.2, X.3, X.4, X.5 etc.
21. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
22. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
23. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
24. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
25. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 2 ml wash MEMA, pass five times through 3 cc syringe with 21 gauge needle
26. Determine cell concentration by transferring 100 µl to Coulter cup
27. Vortex tube, transfer 0.5 ml into X.4, vortex tube X.4 and transfer 0.5 ml to tube X.3 and vortex tube X.3 and transfer 0.5 ml to tube X.2. Keep tubes on ice.
28. Transfer 1 ml from dilution tubes into dishes labeled X.2, X.3, X.4 (in triplicate). Only X.2 should be seeded for control T-tubes.
29. Transfer 500 µl of cell suspension (in duplicate) to 20 ml scintillation vial containing 6 ml

cocktail (Aquasol)

30. Incubate petridishes for 1 week

31. Count vials for radioactivity

Date/Time : 10/27/98; 11-00 a.m.

32. After 1 week, wash colonies 3 times with normal (1X) saline, and 2 times with methanol. Stain colonies with 0.05% crystal violet

33. Count colonies. There must be between 25 and 250 colonies for the dish to be a valid data point.

10/23/98

Initial cell count = 6810, 6993, 6993

Arg. Cell count = 6992

Cell conc. = 2772800 Cells/ml

For dilution,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol. required} &= \frac{4400000}{2772800} \\ &= 1.58 \end{aligned}$$

Take 1.6 ml Cells + 9.4 ml MEMB = 11 ml

After dilution,

Final cell count

~~Cell conc~~ = 1287, 1246, 1186

Cell conc = 495,866 Cells/ml

240 Po + 10% DMSO ; Expt # 3

USER: 5 ID:PD-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 TUE 27 OCT 1998 11:12
SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
H#: AGC:N GCF:N RCM:N
CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 ZSIGMA: 2.00 EKG SUB: 0.00 EKG ZSIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR: 1.00000
HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	ZSIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**	1	8.00	70.71	1.00	1.55	57.0	
2	**	2	8.00	70.71	1.00	3.23	58.0	
3	**	3	9.00	66.67	1.00	4.97	58.0	
4	**	4	8.00	70.71	1.00	6.75	58.0	
5	**	5	10.00	63.25	1.00	8.63	58.0	
6	**	6	7.00	75.59	1.00	10.37	58.0	
7	**	7	16400.00	1.95	0.64	11.93	55.0	
8	**	8	15815.38	1.97	0.65	13.25	55.0	
9	**	9	14745.71	1.97	0.70	14.63	58.0	
10	**	10	26444.71	1.89	0.43	15.78	64.0	
11	**	11	25675.00	1.97	0.40	16.94	58.0	
12	**	12	29243.84	1.94	0.36	18.13	67.0	
13	**	1	36346.66	1.92	0.30	19.16	55.0	
14	**	2	37509.09	1.97	0.28	20.30	55.0	
15	**	3	36140.00	1.92	0.30	21.27	59.0	
16	**	4	3.00	115.5	1.00	23.09	57.0	
17	**	5	7.00	75.59	1.00	24.92	59.0	
18	**	6	4.00	100.0	1.00	26.85	57.0	
19	**	7	13.00	55.47	1.00	28.72	57.0	
20	**	8	14.00	53.45	1.00	30.45	57.0	
21	**	9	7.00	75.59	1.00	32.23	60.0	
22	**	10	14129.33	1.94	0.75	33.77	55.0	
23	**	11	13345.81	1.97	0.77	35.27	55.0	
24	**	12	13977.33	1.95	0.75	36.78	58.0	
25	**	1	24573.33	1.90	0.45	38.27	55.0	
26	**	2	30365.71	1.94	0.35	39.39	58.0	
27	**	3	26240.00	1.89	0.43	40.54	57.0	
28	**	4	36661.82	1.99	0.28	41.52	57.0	
29	**	5	35673.84	1.86	0.33	42.57	55.0	
30	**	6	37463.33	1.89	0.30	43.53	55.0	
31	**	7	3.00	115.5	1.00	45.31	104.0	
32	**	8	6.00	81.65	1.00	47.13	102.0	
33	**	9	9.00	66.67	1.00	49.02	106.0	
34	**	10	7.00	75.59	1.00	50.75	102.0	
35	**	11	437.00	9.57	1.00	52.68	104.0	
36	**	12	471.00	9.22	1.00	54.36	103.0	
37	**	1	532.00	8.67	1.00	56.14	104.0	
38	**	2	494.00	9.00	1.00	57.87	104.0	
39	**	3	884.00	6.73	1.00	59.75	109.0	
40	**	4	851.00	6.86	1.00	61.57	104.0	
41	**	5	10.00	63.25	1.00	63.50	106.0	
42	**	6	6.00	81.65	1.00	65.37	63.0	
43	**	7	5.00	89.44	1.00	67.09	108.0	
44	**	8	5.00	89.44	1.00	68.77	103.0	
45	**	9	459.00	9.34	1.00	70.44	105.0	
46	**	10	447.00	9.46	1.00	72.23	102.0	

30ul medium

500ul cells

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
47	**	-11	1	760.00	7.25	1.00	74.01	103.0
47	**	-12	1	809.00	7.03	1.00	75.70	104.0
4	**	-1	1	1190.00	5.80	1.00	77.44	106.0
50	**	-2	1	1216.00	5.74	1.00	79.28	116.0

TABLE-1

Expt. # : 3

Date/Time : 10/27/98; 11-15 AM

Tube #	Medium count for 30 ul (cpm)	Avg. cpm	dpm [cpm/1]	μ Ci/ml (A _c) on counting [dpm/66600]	μ Ci/ml (A _o) on addition [A _c /e ^{-λt}]
1	<i>See the attached sheet</i>				
2					
3		15653	15653	0.2350	
4		27121	27121	0.4072	
5		36665	36665	0.5505	
6					
7					
8		13817	13817	0.2074	
9		27059	27059	0.4062	
10		36599	36599	0.5495	

TABLE-2

Expt. # : 3

Date/Time : 10/27/98; 11-15 a.m

Tube #	Radioactivity for 500 ul cell suspension (cpm)	Avg. cpm	dpm [cpm/1]	μ Ci/ml (A_0) on counting [dpm/111x10 ⁴]	μ Ci/ml (A_0) after 12 h incubation [$A_0/e^{-\lambda t}$]
1	<i>Sto See</i>				
2	<i>the attached</i>				
3	<i>Sheet</i>	454	454	0.000409	
4		513	513	0.000462	
5		868	868	0.000781	
6					
7					
8		453	453	0.000408	
9		784	784	0.000706	
10		1203	1203	0.00108	

TABLE-3

Expt. # : 3

Date/Time : 10/26/98; 2-30 P.m.

Tube #	Coulter count for 100 ul cell suspension	Avg. count	Cells/ml [Avg. count x 400]	fCi/cell [uCi/ml x 10 ⁹ Cells/ml]
1	736, 739, 682	719	287600	-
2	706, 741, 744	730	292133	-
3	798, 771, 767	778	311466	0.0 1.313
4	975, 985, 998	986	314400	1.469
5	669, 791, 773, 759	774	309733	2.521
6	899, 892, 902	897	359066	-
7	654, 648, 633	645	258000	-
8	907, 948, 928	927	371066	1.099
9	982, 992, 989	987	395066	1.787
10	991, 961, 961	971	388400	2.780

~~0.045~~
~~0.02~~
~~0.001~~

1069

1012

1708

TABLE-4

Expt # : 3

Date : 11/02/98

Tube.dilution	Colony 1	Colony 2	Colony 3	Avg Colony Ex. 2	SF
1.2	110	102	101	} 100.16	—
2.2	103	90	95		—
3.3	121	117	107	11.5	0.1148
4.3	20	23	27	2.33	0.0232
5.4	107	123	118	1.16	0.0115
6.2	125	120	129	} 113.5	—
7.2	100	115	92		—
8.3	131	126	116	12.43	0.1095
9.3	30	27	24	2.7	0.0237
10.4	68	64	59	0.63	0.0056

○---○ with DMSO
⊙---⊙ without DMSO

Exp. #3

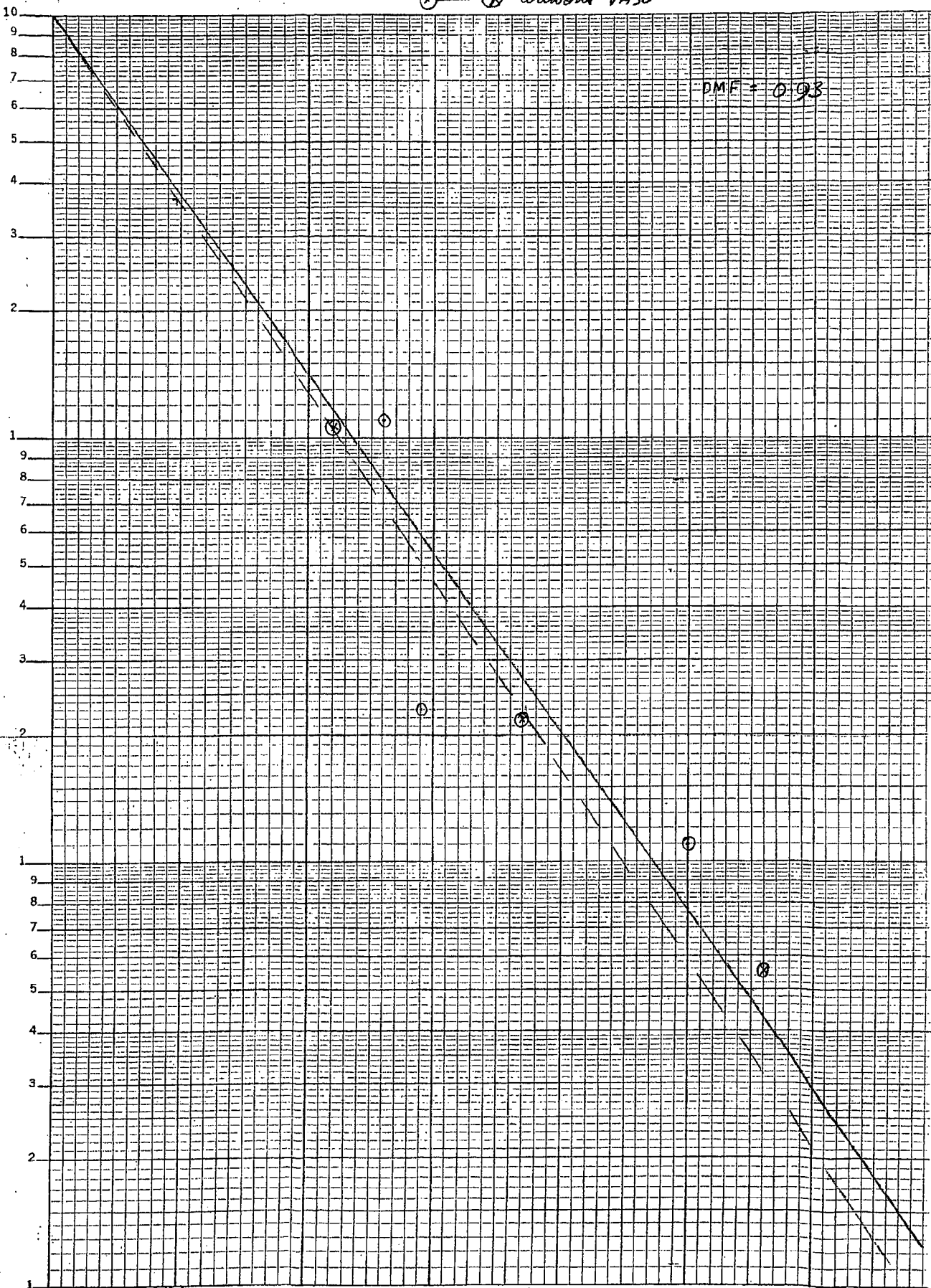
DMF = 0.98

0.1

0.01

0.001

Semi-Logarithmic
3 Cycles x 10 to 110 inch



3 fci/cell

V79 COLONY FORMING ASSAY

Experiment Name : ^{210}Po -citrate + 10%DMSO ; Exp. # : 2; Investigator: A. Bishayee

Date: 10/16/98

1. Set the rocker-roller at 37°C incubator, set the Coulter Counter, wash cells (from 75 cm² flask, subcultured 1:2, 24h before) with PBS, trypsinize cells, resuspend in 7 ml MEMB, pass five times through 3 cc syringe with 21 gauge needle, perform cell count by transferring 100 ul in Coulter cup containing 20 ml isotone (Coulter balanced electrolyte solution)
2. Dilute to ~400,000 cells/ml in MEMB (final volume 11 ml) [Actual count : 451,200 cells/ml]
3. Transfer 1 ml of cell suspension into ten 12 ml tubes (Falcon plastic test tube, 17x100 mm) labeled 1-10 both on cap and wall
4. Roll the tubes for 3-4 h at 37°C, 5% CO₂ Date/Time: 10/16/98; 1-00 p.m.
5. Calibrate the stock ^{210}Po -citrate for today (6.23 $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$)
6. After 3-4 h, remove test tubes from roller and add according to Table below.

Date/Time: 10/16/98; 3-30 p.m.

Tube #	^{210}Po - citrate uCi/ml	Cells in MEMB (ml)	MEMB (ul)	Po-citrate (6.23 uCi/ml) (ul)	10 % DMSO in MEMA (ml)	MEMA (ml)
1	0	1.0	1000	0	2	0
2	0	1.0	1000	0	2	0
3	0.2	1.0	935	65	2	0
4	0.35	1.0	885	115	2	0
5	0.5	1.0	840	160	2	0
6	0	1.0	1000	0	0	2
7	0	1.0	1000	0	0	2
8	0.2	1.0	935	65	0	2
9	0.35	1.0	885	115	0	2
10	0.5	1.0	840	160	0	2

7. Return test tubes to roller for 30 min. Date/Time: 10/16/98; 3-45 p.m.
8. After 30 min, centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C Date/Time: 10/16/98; 4-17 p.m.
9. During the centrifugation move roller to 10.5°C
10. Collect 150 ul supernatant in separate tubes

11. Add 8 ml of wash MEMA in each tube containing the pallet
12. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
13. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
14. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
15. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
16. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
17. Decant the supernatant, click tubes, vortex add 2 ml of MEMA with or without 10% DMSO as per Table
18. Transfer tubes at 10°C for 72 h. Date/Time: 10/16/98; 5-30 p.m.
19. Transfer 30 ul of supernatant in triplicate from step 10 into 20 ml scintillation vial containing 6 ml cocktail (Aquasol) and count for radioactivity Date/Time: 10/19/98; 6-10 p.m.
19. After 72 h, add 8 ml wash MEMA in each tube, vortex and centrifuge the tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C (precooled centrifuge) Date/Time: 10/19/98; 1-00 p.m.
20. Labeling and preparation of dilution tubes and colony dishes
 - load 60 mm petri dishes with 4 ml MEMA
 - load 30 test tubes with 4.5 ml MEMA and label them 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5; 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5; X.2, X.3, X.4, X.5 etc.
21. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
22. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
23. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
24. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
25. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 2 ml wash MEMA, pass five times through 3 cc syringe with 21 gauge needle
26. Determine cell concentration by transferring 100 µl to Coulter cup
27. Vortex tube, transfer 0.5 ml into X.4, vortex tube X.4 and transfer 0.5 ml to tube X.3 and vortex tube X.3 and transfer 0.5 ml to tube X.2. Keep tubes on ice.
28. Transfer 1 ml from dilution tubes into dishes labeled X.2, X.3, X.4 (in triplicate). Only X.2 should be seeded for control T-tubes.
29. Transfer 500 µl of cell suspension (in duplicate) to 20 ml scintillation vial containing 6 ml cocktail (Aquasol)
30. Incubate petridishes for 1 week
31. Count vials for radioactivity Date/Time : 10/19/98; 6-10 p.m.
32. After 1 week, wash colonies 3 times with normal (1X) saline, and 2 times with methanol. Stain colonies with 0.05% crystal violet
33. Count colonies. There must be between 25 and 250 colonies for the dish to be a valid data point.

10/16/98

NOTES

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Initial cell count} &= 7726, 7812, 7748 \\ \text{Avg. cell count} &= 7762 \\ \text{Cell conc.} &= 7762 \times 400 \\ &= 3104800 \text{ cells/ml} \end{aligned}$$

For dilution,

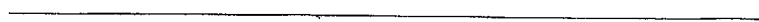
$$\text{Vol. required} = \frac{4400000}{3104800} = 1.41 \text{ ml}$$

Take 1.5 ml cells + 9.5 ml MEMB = 11 ml.

After dilution,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Final cell count} &= 1125, 1112, 1147 \\ \text{Avg. cell count} &= 1128 \\ \text{cell conc.} &= 451,200 \text{ cells/ml} \end{aligned}$$

NOTES



10/16/98

Calibration
Preparation of ^{210}Po -citrate

^{210}Po Stock : on 9/21/98 = 7.07 $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$.

on 10/16/98 = ?

$t = 25$ days.

$$e^{-\lambda t} = e^{-\frac{0.693 \times 25}{138.4}} = 0.8823$$

Stock on 10/16/98 = $7.07 \times 0.8823 = 6.23 \mu\text{Ci/ml}$.

240 Po + 10% DMSO Expt #2

USER: 5 ID:PD-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 MON 19 OCT 1998 18:12
 SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
 : 1 AGC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
 CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 2SIGMA: 2.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
 DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
 HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**	1	13.00	55.47	1.00	1.49	56.0	
2	**	2	13.00	55.47	1.00	3.14	58.0	
3	**	3	10.00	63.25	1.00	4.78	57.0	
4	**	4	7.00	75.59	1.00	6.42	57.0	
5	**	5	6.00	81.65	1.00	8.06	57.0	
6	**	6	14.00	53.45	1.00	9.70	56.0	
7	**	7	17173.33	1.97	0.60	10.93	56.0	
8	**	8	16768.33	1.99	0.60	12.16	51.0	
9	**	9	7235.00	1.97	0.60	13.40	55.0	
10	**	10	28177.50	1.88	0.40	14.43	53.0	
11	**	11	29568.57	1.97	0.35	15.40	54.0	
12	**	12	30991.43	1.92	0.35	16.38	53.0	
13	**	1	35016.66	1.95	0.30	17.39	53.0	
14	**	2	40764.00	1.98	0.25	18.28	54.0	
15	**	3	41388.00	1.97	0.25	19.14	53.0	
16	**	4	6.00	81.65	1.00	20.78	55.0	
17	**	5	5.00	89.44	1.00	22.42	56.0	
18	**	6	14.00	53.45	1.00	24.07	56.0	
19	**	7	6.00	81.65	1.00	25.71	58.0	
20	**	8	13.00	55.47	1.00	27.36	57.0	
21	**	9	5.00	89.44	1.00	28.99	58.0	
22	**	10	16121.54	1.95	0.65	30.28	56.0	
23	**	11	17303.33	1.96	0.60	31.51	55.0	
24	**	12	16995.00	1.98	0.60	32.74	55.0	
25	**	1	28184.00	1.95	0.38	33.89	55.0	
26	**	2	31334.29	1.91	0.35	34.87	55.0	
27	**	3	28485.00	1.87	0.40	35.89	55.0	
28	**	4	36230.00	1.92	0.30	36.81	55.0	
29	**	5	41936.00	1.95	0.25	37.68	53.0	
30	**	6	43024.00	1.93	0.25	38.56	58.0	
31	**	7	10.00	63.25	1.00	40.20	105.0	
32	**	8	5.00	89.44	1.00	41.85	103.0	
33	**	9	8.00	70.71	1.00	43.48	104.0	
34	**	10	11.00	60.30	1.00	45.13	102.0	
35	**	11	465.00	9.27	1.00	46.77	104.0	
36	**	12	483.00	9.10	1.00	48.40	103.0	
37	**	1	862.00	6.81	1.00	50.13	106.0	
38	**	2	890.00	6.70	1.00	51.78	104.0	
39	**	3	1109.00	6.01	1.00	53.42	103.0	
40	**	4	1226.00	5.71	1.00	55.06	103.0	
41	**	5	9.00	66.67	1.00	56.70	104.0	
42	**	6	40.00	63.25	1.00	58.34	105.0	
43	**	7	10.00	63.25	1.00	59.98	103.0	
44	**	8	9.00	66.67	1.00	61.62	104.0	
45	**	9	491.00	9.03	1.00	63.28	105.0	
46	**	10	464.00	9.28	1.00	64.92	105.0	

30ul median

500ul cells

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
47	**	11	792.00	7.11	1.00	66.57	104.0	
48	**	12	818.00	6.99	1.00	68.22	103.0	
49	**	1	1168.00	5.85	1.00	69.93	103.0	
50	**	2	1227.00	5.71	1.00	71.57	104.0	

45
86
110

TABLE-1

Expt. # : 2

Date/Time : 10/19/98; 6-10 p.m.

Tube #	Medium count for 30 ul (cpm)	Avg. cpm	dpm [cpm/1]	μ Ci/ml (A_1) on counting [dpm/66600]	μ Ci/ml (A_0) on addition [$A_1/e^{-\lambda t}$]
1	13, 13, 10				
2	7, 6, 14	17058.6	17058.6	0.2561	
3		29579.1	29579.1	0.4441	
4		39056	39056	0.5864	
5					
6					
7		16806.6	16806.6	0.2523	
8		32016	32016	0.4807	
9		40396	40396	0.6065	
10					

TABLE-2

Expt. # : 2

Date/Time : 10/19/98; 6:00 p.m.

Tube #	Radioactivity for 500 ul cell suspension (cpm)	Avg. cpm	dpm [cpm/1]	μ Ci/ml (A_1) on counting [dpm/111x10 ⁴]	μ Ci/ml (A_0) after 12 h incubation [$A_1/e^{-\lambda t}$]
1	10, 5				
2	8, 11				
3	465, 483	474	474	0.00042	
4	862, 890	876	876	0.00079	
5	1109, 1226	1167.5	1167.5	0.00105	
6	9, 10				
7	10, 9				
8	491, 464	477.5	477.5	0.00043	
9	792, 818	805	805	0.00072	
10	1168, 1227	1197.5	1197.5	0.00107	

TABLE-3

Expt. # : 2

Date/Time : 10/19/98; 2-00 P.M.

Tube #	Coulter count for 100 ul cell suspension	Avg. count	Cells/ml [Avg. count x 400]	fCi/cell [uCi/ml x 10 ⁹ Cells/ml]
1	587, 576, 569	577.3	230933	—
2	619, 666, 648	644.3	257733	—
3	595, 620 , 576, 563	578	231200	1.816
4	657 , 589 , 619, 617, 605	613.6	245466	3.218
5	637, 684 , 634, 648	639.6	255866	4.103
6	558, 548, 543	559.6	223866	—
7	591, 626, 597	604.6	241866	—
8	478, 482, 464	474.6	189866	2.264
9	563, 591, 558	570.6	229266	3.154
10	517, 548, 569	544.6	217866	4.911

TABLE-4

Expt #: 2

Date: 10/26/98

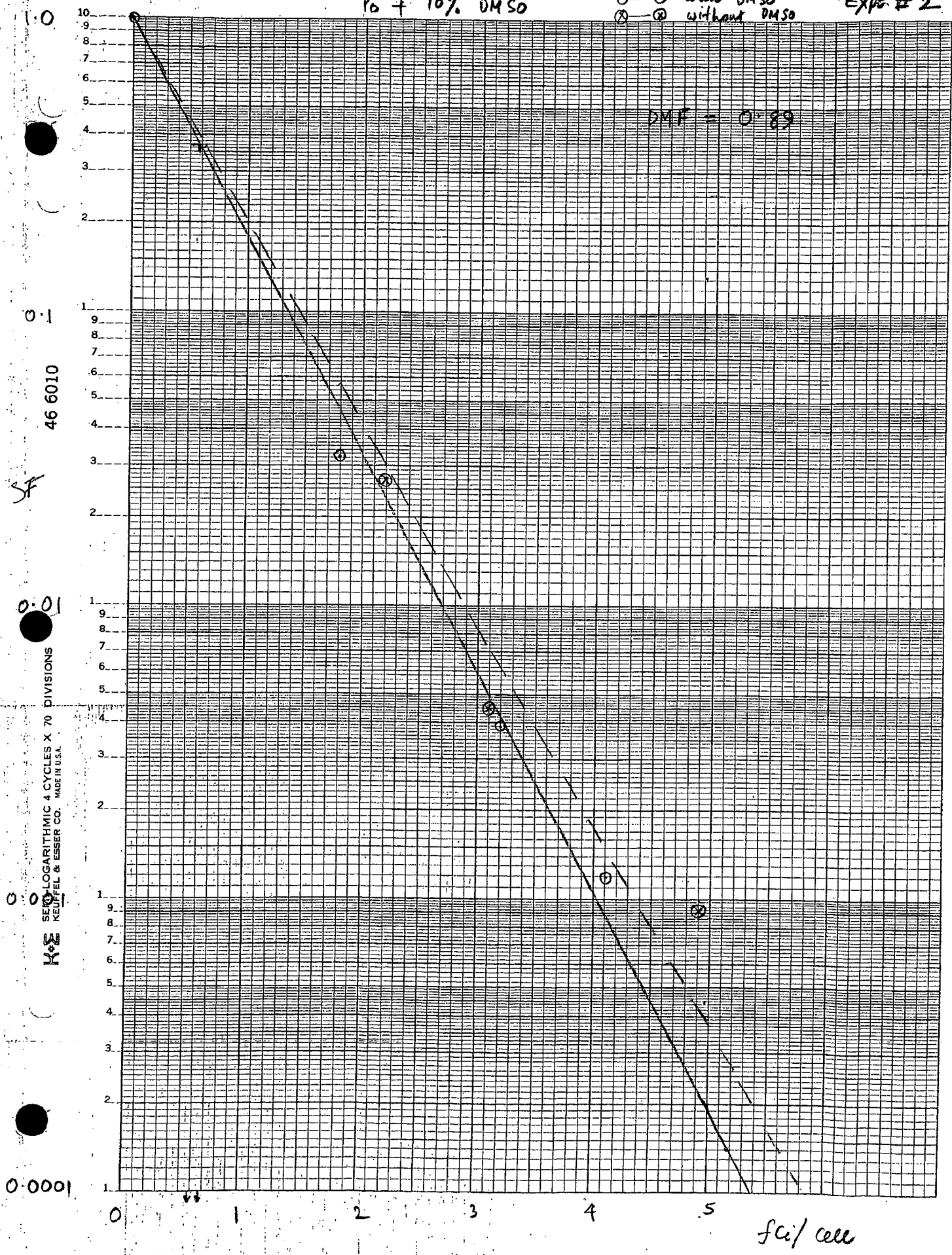
Tube.dilution	Colony 1	Colony 2	Colony 3	Avg Colony	SF
1.2	175	157	153	} 174	-
2.2	188	179	192		-
3.3	56	49	63	5.6	0.032
4.4	70	67	69	0.68	0.0039
5.4	20	25	21	0.22	0.0012
6.2	184	186	198	} 182.33	-
7.2	157	189	180		-
8.3	50	49	52	50	0.027
9.4	80	89	79	0.82	0.0045
10.4	15	16	19	0.16	0.0009

$^{210}\text{Po} + 10\% \text{ DMSO}$

○—○ with DMSO
⊗—⊗ without DMSO

Exp. # 2

DMF = 0.89



Added activity was 10 fold lower than required

V79 COLONY FORMING ASSAY

Experiment Name : ^{210}Po -citrate + 10%DMSO ; **Exp. # :** 1; **Investigator:** A. Bishayee
Date: 10/09/98

1. Set the rocker-roller at 37°C incubator, set the Coulter Counter, wash cells (from 75 cm² flask, subcultured 1:2, 24h before) with PBS, trypsinize cells, resuspend in 7 ml MEMB, pass five times through 3 cc syringe with 21 gauge needle, perform cell count by transferring 100 ul in Coulter cup containing 20 ml isotone (Coulter balanced electrolyte solution)
2. Dilute to ~400,000 cells/ml in MEMB (final volume 11 ml) [Actual count : 396 533 cells/ml]
3. Transfer 1 ml of cell suspension into ten 12 ml tubes (Falcon plastic test tube, 17x100 mm) labeled 1-10 both on cap and wall
4. Roll the tubes for 3-4 h at 37°C, 5% CO₂ Date/Time: 10/09/98; 2-00 p.m.
5. Prepare ^{210}Po -citrate in MEMB (10 $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$)
6. After 3-4 h, remove test tubes from roller and add according to Table below. Date/Time: 10/09/98; 4-30 p.m.

Tube #	^{210}Po -citrate $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$	Cells in MEMB (ml)	MEMB (ul)	Po-citrate (10 $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$) (ul)	10 % DMSO in MEMA (ml)	MEMA (ml)
1	0	1.0	1000	0	2	0
2	0	1.0	1000	0	2	0
3	0.2	1.0	960	40	2	0
4	0.35	1.0	930	70	2	0
5	0.5	1.0	900	100	2	0
6	0	1.0	1000	0	0	2
7	0	1.0	1000	0	0	2
8	0.2	1.0	960	40	0	2
9	0.35	1.0	930	70	0	2
10	0.5	1.0	900	100	0	2

65
115
160

7. Return test tubes to roller for 30 min. Date/Time: 4-50 p.m.
8. After 30 min, centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C 3-20 p.m.
9. During the centrifugation move roller to 10.5°C
10. Collect 100 ul supernatant in separate tubes

150ul

xL { 1-2
2-2
3-2, 3-3
4-3, 4-4
5-3, 5-4

11. Add 8 ml of wash MEMA in each tube containing the pallet
12. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
13. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
14. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
15. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
16. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
17. Decant the supernatant, click tubes, vortex add 2 ml of wash MEMA ^{with or without 10% DMSO} ~~as per Table~~ _{as per Table}
18. Transfer tubes at 10°C for 72 h. **Date/Time:** 10/09/98; 7-00 p.m.
19. Transfer 30 ul of supernatant in triplicate from step 10 into 20 ml scintillation vial containing 6 ml cocktail (Aquasol) and count for radioactivity **Date/Time:** 10/09/98; 6:30 p.m.
19. After 72 h, add 8 ml wash MEMA in each tube, vortex and centrifuge the tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C (precooled centrifuge) **Date/Time:** 10/12/98; 10-00 a.m.
20. Labeling and preparation of dilution tubes and colony dishes
 - load 69 60 mm petri dishes with 4 ml MEMA
 - load 36 T-tubes with 4.5 ml MEMA and label them 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5; 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5; X.2, X.3, X.4, X.5 etc.
28. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
29. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
30. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
31. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
32. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 2 ml wash MEMA, pass five times through 3 cc syringe with 21 gauge needle
33. Determine cell concentration by transferring 100 µl to Coulter cup
34. Vortex tube, transfer 0.5 ml into X.4, vortex tube X.4 and transfer 0.5 ml to tube X.3 and vortex tube X.3 and transfer 0.5 ml to tube X.2. Keep tubes on ice.
35. Transfer 1 ml from dilution tubes into dishes labeled X.2, X.3, X.4 (in triplicate). Only X.2 should be seeded for control T-tubes.
36. Transfer 500 µl of cell suspension (in duplicate) to 20 ml scintillation vial containing 6 ml cocktail (Aquasol)
37. Incubate petridishes for 1 week
38. Count vials for radioactivity **Date/Time :**
39. After 1 week, wash colonies 3 times with normal (1X) saline, and 2 times with methanol. Stain colonies with 0.05% crystal violet
40. Count colonies. There must be between 25 and 250 colonies for the flask to be a valid data point.

Exp. #

10/09/98

Initial Cell count = 10709, 10709, 10436

Avg. cell count = 10618

Cell conc. = $10618 \times 400 = 4247200$

For dilution,

Vol required = $\frac{4400000}{4247200} = 1.03 \text{ ml}$

*

Take 1 ml cell suspension + 10 ml MEMS = 11 ml

After dilution,

Final Cell count = 992, 994, 998

Avg. cell count = 991.3

Cell conc. = 991.3×400

= 396,533 cells/ml

10/9/98

Stock : ^{210}Po - citrate

on 9/21/98 \rightarrow ~~70.7~~ $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{ml}$ \rightarrow 7.07 6.46

on 10/9/98 $=$ ~~70.7~~ \times 0.9138 $=$ ~~64.6~~ $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{ml}$

$t = 18 \text{ days}$ $e^{-\lambda t} = e^{-\frac{0.693 \times 18}{138.4}} = 0.9138$

~~Prepare 7 ml of 10 $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{ml}$ of ^{210}Po - citrate = 70 μCi required~~

Stock required = $\frac{20}{64.6} = 0.309 \text{ ml}$ 0.154 ~~ml~~ ml.

- i) Take ~~0.310 ml~~ ^{154 μCi} ^{210}Po 846 μCi
- ii) Add 4690 ml MEMB

Conc. of ^{210}Po citrate = $6.46 \times 0.154 = 0.99$

$\approx 1 \mu\text{Ci}/\text{ml}$

[instead of 10 $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{ml}$ as was the plan to make]

30ul medium

PAGE: 1

USER: 5 ID:PO-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 FRI 09 OCT 1998 18:18
SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
H#: 1 AQC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 2SIGMA: 2.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**	1	10.00	63.25	1.00	1.48	56.0	
2	**	2	9.00	66.67	1.00	3.13	57.0	
3	**	3	4.00	100.0	1.00	4.78	55.0	
4	**	4	11.00	60.30	1.00	6.41	54.0	
5	**	5	9.00	66.67	1.00	8.04	59.0	
6	**	6	9.00	66.67	1.00	9.69	59.0	
7	**	7	1154.00	5.89	1.00	11.33	57.0	
8	**	8	1319.00	5.51	1.00	12.98	58.0	
9	**	9	1320.00	5.50	1.00	14.62	59.0	
10	**	10	2208.00	4.26	1.00	16.25	58.0	
11	**	11	2338.00	4.14	1.00	17.89	57.0	
12	**	12	2384.00	4.10	1.00	19.53	59.0	
13	**	1	3130.00	3.57	1.00	21.27	58.0	
14	**	2	3376.00	3.44	1.00	22.92	58.0	
15	**	3	3065.00	3.61	1.00	24.57	60.0	
16	**	4	13.00	55.47	1.00	26.25	60.0	
17	**	5	10.00	63.25	1.00	27.89	59.0	
18	**	6	7.00	75.59	1.00	29.53	60.0	
19	**	7	9.00	66.67	1.00	31.22	58.0	
20	**	8	5.00	89.44	1.00	32.86	59.0	
21	**	9	9.00	66.67	1.00	34.54	61.0	
22	**	10	1279.00	5.59	1.00	36.17	60.0	
23	**	11	1404.00	5.34	1.00	37.82	57.0	
24	**	12	1246.00	5.67	1.00	39.45	59.0	
25	**	1	2251.00	4.22	1.00	41.19	60.0	
26	**	2	2145.00	4.32	1.00	42.83	58.0	
27	**	3	2226.00	4.24	1.00	44.47	59.0	
28	**	4	2959.00	3.68	1.00	46.11	59.0	
29	**	5	3301.00	3.48	1.00	47.75	60.0	
30	**	6	3367.00	3.45	1.00	49.38	58.0	

Sooul cell suspension

PAGE: 1

USER: 5 ID:PO-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 MDN 12 OCT 1998 13:12
SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
H#: 1 AQC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 2SIGMA: 2.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**-	1 1	8.00	70.71	1.00	1.48	107.0	
2	**-	2 1	4.00	100.0	1.00	3.13	106.0	
3	**-	3 1	7.00	75.59	1.00	4.76	106.0	
4	**-	4 1	5.00	89.44	1.00	6.41	105.0	
5	**-	5 1	53.00	27.47	1.00	8.04	105.0	
6	**-	6 1	55.00	26.97	1.00	9.68	106.0	
7	**-	7 1	89.00	21.20	1.00	11.33	105.0	
8	**-	8 1	108.00	19.25	1.00	12.98	106.0	
9	**-	9 1	134.00	17.28	1.00	14.61	106.0	
10	**-	10 1	128.00	17.68	1.00	16.26	106.0	
11	**-	11 1	12.00	57.74	1.00	17.89	105.0	
12	**-	12 1	9.00	66.67	1.00	19.53	104.0	
13	**-	1 1	12.00	57.74	1.00	21.31	106.0	
14	**-	2 1	6.00	81.65	1.00	22.95	106.0	
15	**-	3 1	60.00	25.82	1.00	24.60	103.0	
16	**-	4 1	69.00	24.08	1.00	26.24	106.0	
17	**-	5 1	71.00	23.74	1.00	27.88	104.0	
18	**-	6 1	86.00	21.57	1.00	29.52	105.0	
19	**-	7 1	101.00	19.90	1.00	31.16	105.0	
20	**-	8 1	112.00	18.90	1.00	32.80	105.0	

TABLE-2

Expt. # : |

Date/Time : 10/12/98; 1-15 P.M.

Tube #	Radioactivity for 500 ul cell suspension (cpm)	Avg. cpm	dpm [cpm/1]	μ Ci/ml (A) on counting [dpm/111x10 ⁴]	μ Ci/ml (A ₀) after 12 h incubation [A/e ^{-λt}]
1	8, 4, 9				
2	5, 7				
3	53, 55	54	54	0.0000486	
4	89, 108	98.5	98.5	0.0000887	
5	134, 128	131	131	0.000118	
6	12, 9				
7	12, 6	64.5	64.5	0.0000581	
8	60, 69	64.5	64.5	0.0000581	
9	71, 86	78.5	78.5	0.0000707	
10	101, 112	106.5	106.5	0.0000959	

TABLE-3

Expt. # : 1

Date/Time : 10/12/98; 12:00 noon

Tube #	Coulter count for 100 ul cell suspension	Avg. count	Cells/ml [Avg. count x 400]	fCi/cell [uCi/ml x 10 ⁹ Cells/ml]
1	472, 426, 413	437	174800	-
2	475, 429, 414	439.3	175733	-
3	416, 400, 411	409	163600	0.2970
4	648, 632, 622	634	253600	0.3497
5	606, 592, 631	609.6	243866	0.4838
6	542, 535, 558	545	218000	-
7	429, 455, 435	439.6	175866	-
8	494, 533, 509	512	204800	0.2836
9	593, 624, 609	608	243466	0.2907
10	517, 517, 510	514.6	205866	0.4658

TABLE-4

Expt. #: 1

Date: 10/19/98

Colony Counts and Survival Fraction

Tube.dilution	Colony 1	Colony 2	Colony 3	Avg Colony	SF
1.2	115	114	112	} 123.33	
2.2	113	140	146		
3.2	87	85	88	86.66	0.7027
4.2	61	67	64	64	0.5189
5.2	42	38	44	41.33	0.3351
6.2	97	110	113	} 108.66	
7.2	115	112	105		
8.2	66	78	70	71.33	0.6564
9.2	60	56	59	58.33	0.5337
10.2	35	31	36	34	0.3129

TABLE-1

Expt. # : 1

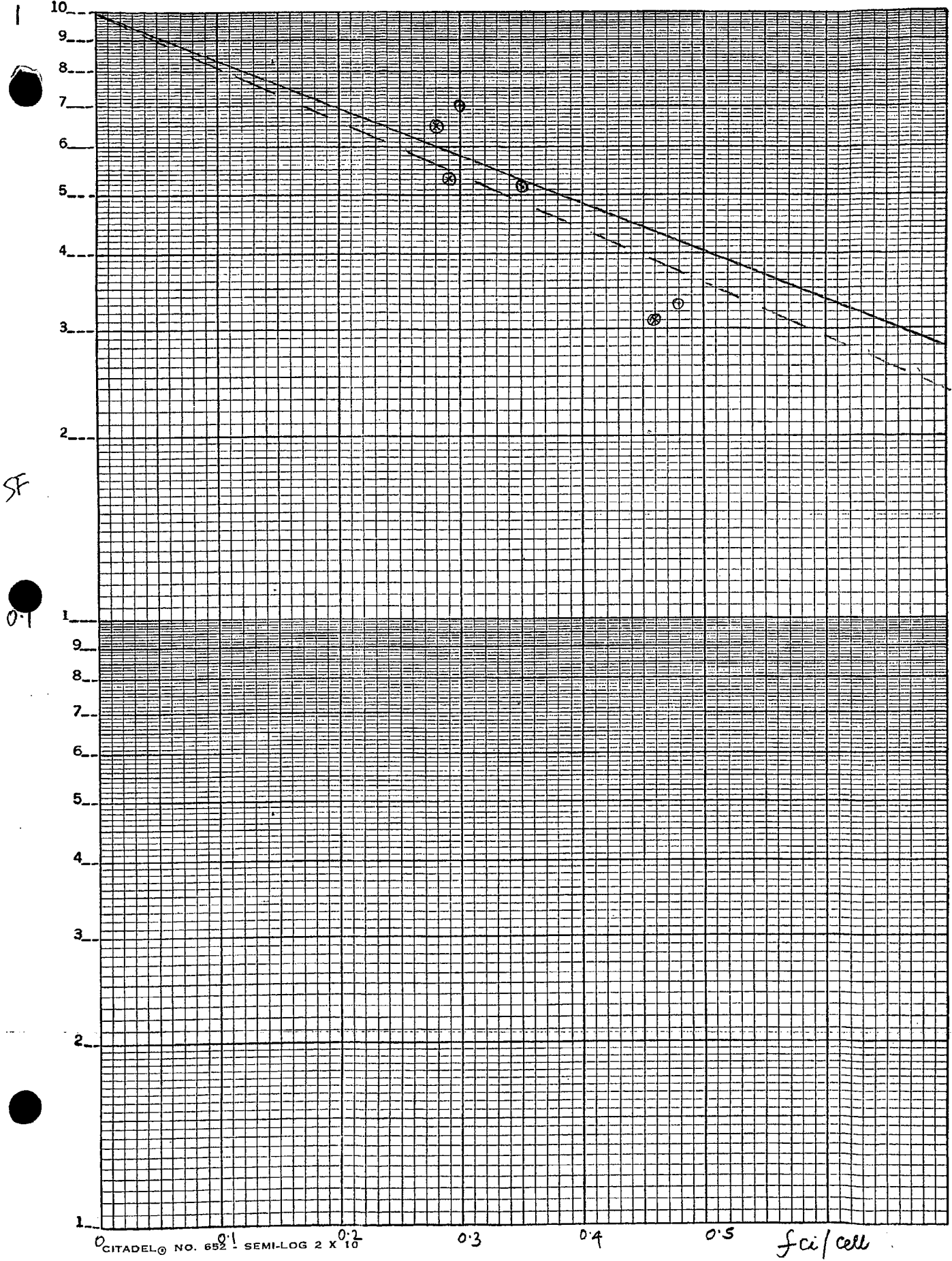
Date/Time : 10/09/98; 6-20 p.m.

Tube #	Medium count for 30 ul (cpm)	Avg. cpm	dpm [cpm/1]	$\mu\text{Ci/ml (A)}$ on counting [dpm/66600]	$\mu\text{Ci/ml (A}_0)$ on addition [A ₁ e ^{-λt}]
1	10, 9, 4				
2	11, 9, 9				
3	1154, 1319, 1320	1264.3	1264.3	0.0189	
4	2208, 2338, 2384	2310	2310	0.0346	
5	3130, 3376, 3065	3190.3	3190.3	0.0479	
6	13, 10, 7				
7	9, 5, 9				
8	1279, 1404, 1246	1309.6	1309.6	0.0196	
9	2251, 2145, 2226	2207.3	2207.3	0.0331	
10	2959, 3301, 3367	3209	3209	0.0481	

Expt. #1

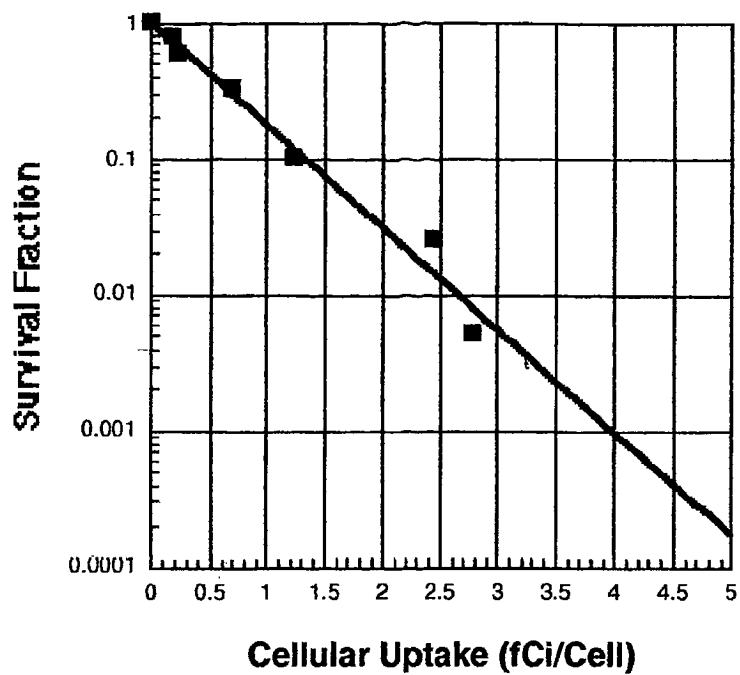
○—○ with DMSO (10%)

⊗—⊗ without DMSO



Survival vs uptake of ^{210}Po -citrate 10/08/98

Exp. #1



Single cell (8×10^9 cells in 2ml)

Label	$\mu\text{Ci/ml}$	A fCi/cell	B SF
1	0	0	1
2	0.017	0.176	0.8047
3	0.035	0.2357	0.5936
4	0.088	0.6913	0.3245
5	0.176	1.2251	0.1002
6	0.353	2.4493	0.025
7	0.530	2.7779	0.0052

1 μCi = 37 KHz
 1 mCi = 37 MBq

V79 COLONY FORMING ASSAY

Experiment Name : ^{210}Po -citrate toxicity ; Exp. # : 1; Investigator: A. Bishayee

Date: 09/21/98

1. Set the rocker-roller at 37°C incubator, set the Coulter Counter, wash cells (from 75 cm^2 flask, subcultured 1:2, 24h before) with PBS, trypsinize cells, resuspend in 7 ml MEMB, pass five times through 3 cc syringe with 21 gauge needle, perform cell count by transferring 100 ul in Coulter cup containing 20 ml isotone (Coulter balanced electrolyte solution)
2. Dilute to ~400,000 cells/ml in MEMB (final volume 11 ml) [Actual count : 422, 533 cells/ml]
3. Transfer 1 ml of cell suspension into ten 12 ml tubes (Falcon plastic test tube, 17x100 mm) labeled 1-10 both on cap and wall
4. Roll the tubes for 3-4 h at 37°C , 5% CO_2 Date/Time: 9/21/98; 3-00 p.m.
6. After 3-4 h, remove test tubes from roller and add according to Table below.

Date/Time: 9/21/98; 5-00 p.m.

Tube #	^{210}Po -citrate uCi/ml	Cells in MEMB (ml)	MEMB (ul)	1:9 of 2N HCl: 1M Na-citrate (ul)	Po-citrate (7007 uCi/ml) on 9/21/98 (ul)
1	0	1.0	1000	0	0
2	0	1.0	1000	0	0
3	0	1.0	850	150	0
4	0	1.0	850	150	0
5	0.0176	1.0	850	145	5
6	0.035	1.0	850	140	10
7	0.088	1.0	850	125	25
8	0.176	1.0	850	100	50
9	0.353	1.0	850	50	100
10	0.53	1.0	850	0	150

7007
 7:07
 (1:10 dilution of the stock polonium with 1M Na-citrate pH 7.0)

7. Return test tubes to roller for 30 min. Date/Time: 9/21/98; 5-20 p.m.
8. After 30 min, centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
9. During the centrifugation move roller to 10.5°C
10. Collect 100 ul supernatant in separate tubes
11. Add 8 ml of wash MEMA in each tube containing the pallet

1.2

2.2

3.2

4.2

5.2, 5.3

6.2, 6.3, 6.4

8.2, 8.3, 8.4

~~9.2~~, 9.3, 9.4

10.3, 10.4

12. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
13. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
14. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
15. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
16. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
17. Decant the supernatant, click tubes, vortex add 2 ml of wash MEMA
18. Transfer tubes at 10°C for 72 h. **Date/Time:** 09/21/98; 7-00 p.m.
19. Transfer 30 ul of supernatant in triplicate from step 10 into 20 ml scintillation vial containing 6 ml cocktail (Aquasol) and count for radioactivity **Date/Time:** 09/21/98; 6-30 p.m.
19. After 72 h, add 8 ml wash MEMA in each tube, vortex and centrifuge the tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C (precooled centrifuge)
27. Labeling and preparation of dilution tubes and colony dishes
 - load 69 60 mm petri dishes with 4 ml MEMA
 - 20 - load 36 T-tubes with 4.5 ml MEMA and label them 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5; 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5; X.2, X.3, X.4, X.5 etc.
28. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
29. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
30. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 10 ml wash MEMA
31. Centrifuge tubes for 10 min at 2000 rpm, 4°C
32. Decant supernatant, click tubes, vortex, resuspend in 2 ml wash MEMA, pass five times through 3 cc syringe with 21 gauge needle
33. Determine cell concentration by transferring 100 µl to Coulter cup
34. Vortex tube, transfer 0.5 ml into X.4, vortex tube X.4 and transfer 0.5 ml to tube X.3 and vortex tube X.3 and transfer 0.5 ml to tube X.2. Keep tubes on ice.
35. Transfer 1 ml from dilution tubes into dishes labeled X.2, X.3, X.4 (in triplicate). Only X.2 should be seeded for control T-tubes.
36. Transfer 500 µl of cell suspension (in duplicate) to 20 ml scintillation vial containing 6 ml cocktail (Aquasol)
37. Incubate petridishes for 1 week
38. Count vials for radioactivity **Date/Time :** 09/24/98; 1-00 p.m.
39. After 1 week, wash colonies 3 times with normal (1X) saline, and 2 times with methanol. Stain colonies with 0.05% crystal violet
40. Count colonies. There must be between 25 and 250 colonies for the flask to be a valid data point.

Expt #1

9/21/98

Initial cell count = 6939, 7263, 7220

Avg. cell count = 7140.6

Cell conc = 7140 x 400

= 2856266 cells/ml

For dilution,

$$\text{Vol. of cell suspension required} = \frac{4400000}{2856266}$$

$$= 1.54 \text{ ml}$$

Take 1.6 ml cell suspension + 9.4 ml MEMB = 11 ml.

After dilution,

Final cell count = 1121, 1059, 1056, 1054

Avg cell count = 1056.3

cell conc. = 422,533 cells/ml

[mc] = 37 mBq

210 Po-citrate tonicity

Expt. #1

30 μ l of medium

PAGE: 1

USER: 5 ID:PO-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 MON 21 SEP 1998 18:36
SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
H#: 1 AQC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 2SIGMA: 2.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**	1	35824.61	1.85	0.33	0.84	57.0	10 M
2	**	2	35083.07	1.87	0.33	1.85	60.0	
3	**	3	34910.00	1.95	0.30	2.77	58.0	
4	**	4	47132.00*	1.84	0.25	3.65	65.0	
5	**	5	23175.55	1.96	0.45	4.73	58.0	
6	**	6	23122.22	1.96	0.45	5.81	58.0	
7	**	7	11241.11	1.99	0.90	7.36	57.0	
8	**	8	11069.47	1.95	0.95	8.94	57.0	
9	**	9	11197.78	1.99	0.90	10.48	60.0	
10	**	10	5472.00	2.70	1.00	12.13	59.0	
11	**	11	5523.00	2.69	1.00	13.78	57.0	
12	**	12	5312.00	2.74	1.00	15.46	54.0	
13	**	1	2208.00	4.26	1.00	17.22	60.0	
14	**	2	2226.00	4.24	1.00	18.87	59.0	
15	**	3	2121.00	4.34	1.00	20.56	59.0	
16	**	4	1051.00	6.17	1.00	22.20	58.0	
17	**	5	1052.00	6.17	1.00	23.89	60.0	
18	**	6	1085.00	6.07	1.00	25.53	59.0	
19	**	7	10.00	63.25	1.00	27.17	61.0	
20	**	8	8.00	70.71	1.00	28.86	60.0	
21	**	9	17.00	48.51	1.00	30.51	59.0	
22	**	10	7.00	75.59	1.00	32.15	59.0	
23	**	11	10.00	63.25	1.00	33.78	60.0	
24	**	12	9.00	66.67	1.00	35.43	59.0	
25	**	1	7.00	75.59	1.00	37.17	60.0	
26	**	2	9.00	66.67	1.00	38.86	59.0	
27	**	3	7.00	75.59	1.00	40.50	60.0	
28	**	4	10.00	63.25	1.00	42.18	60.0	
29	**	5	8.00	70.71	1.00	43.87	59.0	
30	**	6	10.00	63.25	1.00	45.57	58.0	

* 30 μ l of medium was added twice

TABLE-1

Expt. # : 1

Date/Time : 09/21/98; 6-30 p.m.

Tube #	Medium count for 10 ul (cpm)	Avg. cpm	dpm [cpm/0.7056]	μ Ci/ml (A) on counting [dpm/22200] 66600	μ Ci/ml (A ₀) on addition [A ₀ e ^{-λt}]
1	10, 8, 10				
2	7, 9, 7				
3	7, 10, 9				
4	10, 8, 17				
5	1051, 1052, 1085	1062.6	1062.6	0.0159	
6	2208, 2226, 2121	2185	2185	0.0328	
7	5472, 5523, 5312	5435.6	5435.6	0.0816	
8	11241, 11069, 11197	11169	11169	0.1677	
9	47132*, 23175, 23122	23357	23357	0.3507	
10	35824, 35083, 34910	35272	35272	0.5296	

$$\mu \text{ Ci/ml} = \frac{\text{dpm}}{60 \times 37000} \times \frac{1000}{30} = \frac{\text{dpm}}{66600}$$

* 2x 30 μ l

USER: 5 ID:PD-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 THU 24 SEP 1998 12:55
 SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
 H#: 1 AQC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
 CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 2SIGMA: 2.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
 DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
 HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**	1	536.00	8.64	1.00	1.50	105.0	10C
2	**	2	537.00	8.63	1.00	3.13	106.0	10C
3	**	3	431.00	9.63	1.00	4.77	105.0	9C
4	**	4	430.00	9.64	1.00	6.41	105.0	9C
5	**	5	210.00	13.80	1.00	8.04	103.0	8C
6	**	6	194.00	14.36	1.00	9.68	104.0	8C
7	**	7	122.00	18.11	1.00	11.33	103.0	7C
8	**	8	114.00	18.73	1.00	12.97	106.0	7C
9	**	9	45.00	29.81	1.00	14.60	104.0	6C
10	**	10	47.00	29.17	1.00	16.23	104.0	6C
11	**	11	33.00	34.82	1.00	17.87	104.0	5C
12	**	12	18.00	47.14	1.00	19.49	107.0	5C
13	**	1	16.00	50.00	1.00	21.23	104.0	4C
14	**	2	14.00	53.45	1.00	22.87	105.0	4C
15	**	3	4.00	100.0	1.00	24.50	105.0	3C
16	**	4	9.00	66.67	1.00	26.15	104.0	3C
17	**	5	7.00	75.59	1.00	27.78	103.0	2C
18	**	6	5.00	89.44	1.00	29.42	105.0	2C
19	**	7	12.00	57.74	1.00	31.07	106.0	1C
20	**	8	10.00	63.25	1.00	32.70	103.0	1C

500µl
cell
suspension

Controls

TABLE-2

Expt. # : |

500

Date/Time : 09/24/98; 1-00 P.M.

Tube #	Radioactivity for 200 ul cell suspension (cpm)	Avg. cpm	dpm [cpm/0.7056]	μ Ci/ml (A) on counting [dpm/666000] 1110000	μ Ci/ml (A ₀) after 12 h incubation [A _t /e ^{-λt}]
1	10, 12				
2	5, 7				
3	4, 9				
4	16, 14				
5	33, 18	25.5	25.5	0.0000229	
6	45, 47	46	46	0.0000414	
7	122, 114	118	118	0.000106	
8	210, 194	202	202	0.000181	
9	431, 430	430.5	430.5	0.000387	
10	536, 537	536.5	536.5	0.000483	

$$\mu\text{Ci/ml} = \frac{\text{dpm}}{60 \times 37000} \times 2 = \frac{\text{dpm}}{1110000}$$

#:

TABLE-3

Expt. # : 1

Date/Time : 09/29/98

Tube #	Coulter count for 100 ul cell suspension	Avg. count	Cells/ml [Avg. count x 4000]	$\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cell}$ [uCi/ml x 10 ⁹ Cells/ml]
1	420, 435, 455	436.6	174666	
2	465, 440, 421	442	176,800	
3	425, 411, 401	412	164,933	
4	398, 388, 375	387	154,800	
5	435, 422, 417	424.6	169,866	0.1760
6	455, 426, 436	439	175,600	0.2357
7	375, 381, 394	383.3	153,333	0.6913
8	355, 372, 381	369.3	147,733	1.2251
9	402, 398, 385	395	158,000	2.4493
10	454, 418, 432	434.6	213,866	2.2584

mBq/cell

0.0067
0.0089
0.0262
0.0465
0.0930
0.1055

173,866 2.7779

K (Kbar/ml)

A (mBq/cell)

A (mBq/cell)
[expected]

0.65

0.0067

0.026

0.8

1.29

0.0089

0.051

0.6

3.25

0.0262

0.13

0.32

6.51

0.0465

0.26

0.1

13.06

0.0930

0.522

0.025

19.61

0.1055

0.784

0.005

0.2

TABLE-4

Expt #: 1

Date: 10/01/98

Colony Counts and Survival Fraction

Tube.dilution	Colony 1	Colony 2	Colony 3	Avg Colony for 3.2	SF
1.2	125	115	132	} 126.33	
2.2	136	121	129		
3.2	129	119	115	} 116.66	
4.2	113	107	117		
5.2	112	102	91	101.66	0.8047
6.2	65	76	84	75	0.5936
7.2	47	41	35	41	0.3245
8.3	127	134	119	12.66	0.1002
9.3	39	32	29	3.16	0.025
10.4	68	62	68	0.66	0.0052

9/21/98

①

Check concentration of Po-210

Stock is 100 μ Ci in 1ml on 8/1/98

- Ⓐ Dilute 1:10 in 1M Na Citrate pH 7.0
- Ⓑ Dilute Ⓐ 1:10 w/ deionized H₂O

Count 10 μ l Ⓑ in Aquasol

Compare counts in 20 ml vials (plastic - glass) with and without 300 μ l MEMA. Two different Aquasol volumes (3 ml, 6 ml) also compared.

Results: Aquasol volume does not change count
 Glass vs. plastic vial does not change count in absence of MEMA
 Plastic 2.5% more efficient in presence of MEMA.

Avg. 15700 dpm 10 μ l of 100:1 dilution of stock

$$\frac{15700}{60 (37000)} = 0.00707 \mu\text{Ci per } 10 \mu\text{l}$$

$$= 0.707 \mu\text{Ci per ml of B}$$

Stock = 70.7 μ Ci/ml	on 9/21/98
--------------------------	------------

$$e^{-\frac{0.693(52 \text{ days})}{138}} = 0.77$$

$$91.8 \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{ml}} \text{ on } 8/1/98$$

$$\text{Ⓐ Po-alkali stock} = 7.07 \mu\text{Ci/ml on } 9/21/98$$

Calibration of Po-210 (Po-citrate)

09/21/98 (2)

10ul of 1:10 dilution of Po-citrate

PAGE: 1

USER: 5 ID:PO-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 MON 21 SEP 1998 11:06
SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
H#: 1 AQC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 2SIGMA: 2.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**	1	14300.00	1.93	0.75	1.42	55.0	Glass + 3ml + 10ul Po-210
2	**	2	15467.69	1.99	0.65	2.72	50.0	Glass + 6ml + 10ul Po-210
3	**	3	15650.37	1.95	0.68	4.17	109.0	Glass + 3ml + 10ul Po-210 + 300ul MBMA
4	**	4	15601.54	1.99	0.65	5.46	85.0	Glass + 6ml + 10ul Po-210 + 300ul MBMA
5	**	5	15586.15	1.99	0.65	6.84	64.0	
6	**	6	15629.23	1.98	0.65	8.13	50.0	Name as above except plastic in place of glass
7	**	7	15996.92	1.96	0.65	9.52	124.0	
8	**	8	15972.31	1.96	0.65	10.81	94.0	

Cellular uptake of Po-210

09/15/98

1. Take 1 ml of MEMB containing ~400,000 cells (Actual cell conc. 368,006 Cells/ml) in two 17x100 mm plastic tube.
2. Roll the cells for 34h at 37°C
3. After 4h, add 940 μ l MEMB, vortex
4. Add 60 μ l Po-210 (~ 0.6 μ ci) in each tube (Total vol. 2 ml)
5. Transfer the tubes in Roller at 37°C for 30 min
6. After 30 min, wash cells three times with ~~10x~~ wash MEMA. perform cell count
7. After final wash, resuspend in 2 ml ~~wash~~ MEMA, ¹
8. Transfer 30 μ l of cell suspension in triplicate in 20 ml scintillation vial + 6 ml scintillation cocktail (aqueous) and count them.

Tube
1A
1B

Po-210

9/15/98

cell count for 100 μ l cells	cell conc. (cells/ml)	} 231200 $\frac{\text{cells}}{\text{ml}}$
518, 492, 487	199600	
682, 677, 612	262800	

Determine extracellular conc. Po-210 citrate 7.07 $\frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{ml}}$ on 9/21/98

Used 60 μ l in 2ml \Rightarrow 0.21 $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{ml}$

Determine cellular uptake:

$$\text{Cell cpm (300 } \mu\text{l)} = (413 + 369 + 343 + 318 + 326 + 313) / 6$$

$$= 347 \text{ cpm}$$

$$\frac{\text{cpm}}{\text{cell}} = \frac{347 \text{ cpm}}{3(231200 \text{ cells})} = 0.00500 \frac{\text{cpm}}{\text{cell}}$$

$$= 2.25 \times 10^{-9} \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{cell}}$$

$$= 2.25 \text{ fCi/cell}$$

Set concentrations for survival exp.

(A) \oplus Po-210 citrate \bullet 7.07 $\frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{ml}}$

Tube	μ l Po-210	μ l Citrate buffer	μ l MEMO	μ l cells
	0	0	1000	1000
1	0	200	800	1000
2	0	200	800	1000
3	200			
4	150 150			
5	100 100			
6	50 50			
7	25 25			
8	10 10			
9	5 5			
10	2.5 2.5			

300 µl of Cell Suspension

PAGE: 1

USER: 5 ID:PO-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 TUE 15 SEP 1998 17:05
SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
H#: 1 AQC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 2SIGMA: 2.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**	1	12.00	57.74	1.00	1.49	88.0	
2	**	2	12.00	57.74	1.00	3.14	89.0	
3	**	3	6.00	81.65	1.00	4.78	89.0	
4	**	4	413.00	9.84	1.00	6.47	90.0	
5	**	5	369.00	10.41	1.00	8.13	90.0	
6	**	6	343.00	10.80	1.00	9.78	89.0	
7	**	7	318.00	11.22	1.00	11.42	89.0	
8	**	8	326.00	11.08	1.00	13.07	90.0	
9	**	9	313.00	11.30	1.00	14.70	88.0	

*300 µl
MEAN
300 µl
cell
suspension
blank*

to

and calibration

Preparation of Po-210 (Po-citrate)

09/15/98

1. Take 100 μ l of stock (commercial pack, \sim 10 μ Ci) Po-210 as Po-Polonium chloride in a Nalgene (1.8 ml) vial.
2. Add 900 μ l of 1M citrate buffer (pH 7.0)
[Final conc. = 0.01 μ Ci/ μ l]
3. Take 2x 10 μ l of 1:100 dilution of the above product in \emptyset 20 ml liquid scintillation vial + 6 ml cocktail (aquasol) and count for radioactivity

Calibration of Po-210

USER: 5 ID:PO-210 PRESET TIME: 1.00 TUE 15 SEP 1998 14:24
SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
: 1 AQC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
CHANNEL 1-LL:600 UL: 900 2SIGMA: 2.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	AVG H#	ERR
1	**	1	831.00	6.94	1.00	1.49	48.0	
2	**	2	786.00	7.13	1.00	3.19	50.0	

808.5

$t_{1/2} = 138.4 \text{ days}$

wipe test for outside the Po-210 container

PAGE: 1

USER: 3 ID:RADON PRESET TIME: 10.00 TUE 15 SEP 1998 13:13
SAMPLE REPEAT: 1 CYCLE REPEAT: 1 SCR:N RS232:N
AQC:N QCF:N RCM:N 2 PHASE MONITOR:N
CHANNEL 1-LL: 50 UL: 825 2SIGMA:10.00 BKG SUB: 0.00 BKG 2SIG: 0.00 LSR: 0
DATA CALC: CPM, UNKNOWN REPLICATES: 1 NORM FACTOR:Q 1.00000
HALF LIFE(DAYS):N

SAM	POS	CH	CPM	2SIG%	TIME	EL TIME	ERR
1	**	1	12080.00	8.14	0.05	0.23	



**ISOTOPE PRODUCTS
LABORATORIES**

1800 N. KEYSTONE STREET
BURBANK, CALIFORNIA 91504

FAX (818) 843-6168 • PHONE (818) 843-7000

*** PACKING LIST ***

ORDER NO. 44705

PG NO. 1

PO Number: P0028058

Order Date: Jun 23, 1998

Ship Via: FEDX 2 PRE&ADD

BILL TO:
University of Medicine & Dentistry of NJ
P.O. Box 101
Accounts Payable
Piscataway, NJ 08854

SHIP TO:
University of Medicine & Dentistry of NJ
Radiation Safety, A-679
NJMS-UMDNJ, 185 S. Orange Ave.
Newark, NJ 07103

Customer Number: UNIMED01
IPL Job Number:
FOB: Burbank

Sales Person: VAR

Line No.	Part Number	Description	Qty Orig Ordered	Qty to Ship	Qty Actually Shipped
0001	6310	Nominal Solution, Po-210 100 uCi 1 mL V-Vial. Nominal.	1		<u>1</u>

+ 15%

*Ret. Authorization
5936*

Shipping Instructions:
Buyer: Jim Porter 973-972-4109

NOTES:

Date Filled: 9 July 98 By: Rachel



ISOTOPE PRODUCTS LABORATORIES • 1800 N. Keystone St., Burbank, CA 91504
(818) 843-7000 • FAX (818) 843-6168

EMERGENCY RESPONSE INFORMATION
(49CFR 172.600, 602, 604)
January 24, 1997

- 1) PROPER SHIPPING NAME AND HAZARD CLASS
 - a) Radioactive material, Excepted package, limited quantity of material N.O.S., UN2910, Class 7
 - b) Radioactive material, Excepted package, Articles, UN2910, Class 7
 - c) Radioactive material, Excepted package, Empty packaging, UN2910, Class 7
 - d) Radioactive material special form N.O.S., UN2974, Class 7
 - e) Radioactive material, fissile, N.O.S., UN2918, Class 7
 - f) Radioactive material, N.O.S., UN2982, Class 7
 - g) Compressed Gas, N.O.S., Non-flammable gas, UN1956, Class 2.2
 - h) Nitrogen, Compressed, Non-flammable gas, UN1066, Class 2.2
 - i) Argon, Compressed, Non-flammable gas, UN1006, Class 2.2
 - j) Neon, Compressed, Non-flammable gas, UN1065, Class 2.2
 - k) Hydrogen, Compressed, Flammable gas, UN1049, Class 2.1
 - l) Nitric Acid, 40% or less, Corrosive material, NA1760, Class 8
 - m) Hydrochloric Acid, Corrosive material, UN1789, Class 8
- 2) IMMEDIATE HAZARDS TO HEALTH: no significant hazards
- 3) RISKS OF FIRE OR EXPLOSION:
 - a) none
 - b) Compressed gas: could explode on exposure to intense heat or flame.
- 4) IMMEDIATE PRECAUTIONS: Keep non-essential people away from area; notify radiation safety authorities.
- 5) EMERGENCY FIRE MEASURES: Self-contained breathing apparatus and firefighters' protective gear should be used.
- 6) HANDLING SPILLS OR LEAKS: Do not touch exposed contents. See 4) above.
- 7) FIRST AID: Use standard first aid measures as required. Advise medical personnel that victim may be contaminated with low level radioactive material.
- 8) 24 hour emergency response number: (818) 566-6933.

Radioactive Sources • Devices • Nuclides

Material Safety Data Sheet

I. General Information

Chemical Name and Synonyms: HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION (0.04% TO 24%)	Trade Name and Synonyms: Muriatic Acid
Chemical Family: Inorganic Acid	Formula: HCl
Proper DOT Shipping Name: HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION	DOT Hazard Classification: Class 8
Manufacturer: Malinkrodt, Inc.	Manufacturer's Phone Number: 314-982-5000
Manufacturer's Address: P. O. Box M, Paris, KY 40361	Chemtec. Phone Number: 800-424-9300; Res. Phone Number: 415-540-3014

II. Ingredients

Principal Hazardous Components	Percent	Threshold Limit Value (units)
Hydrochloric Acid	0.04% to 24%	5 ppm

***** **CAUTION** *****

CONTAINS RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL WHICH, ALTHOUGH BEYOND THE SCOPE OF MSDS REQUIREMENTS, SHOULD BE CONSIDERED THE PRINCIPAL HAZARD. THIS MATERIAL SHOULD BE HANDLED ONLY BY TRAINED INDIVIDUALS IN CONFORMANCE WITH 10CFR REQUIREMENTS.

III. Physical Data

Boiling Point: 100°C to 109°C	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1): 1.00 to 1.18
Vapor Pressure from Hgl: 3,040 at 17.8°C	Percent Volatile by Volume: N/A
Vapor Density (Air = 1): Approximately 1.2	Evaporation Rate (H ₂ O = 1): 1
Solubility in Water: Infinite	pH: 0+ to 3.0
Appearance and Color: Clear, Colorless Solution with Pungent Odor	

IV. Fire & Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Test Method): N/A	Auto-Ignition Temperature: N/A
Flammable Limits: N/A	LEL: N/A UEL: N/A
Extinguishing Medium: Water Spray	
Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Full Protective Clothing and NIOSH-Approved Positive Pressure SCBA should be worn.	

***** **CAUTION** *****

MAY PRODUCE AIRBORNE RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS DURING FIRE. CONSULT HEALTH PHYSICS/RADIATION SAFETY STAFF.

V. Health Hazard Data

Threshold Limit Value: 5 ppm TWA	OSHA Threshold Limit Value: 5 ppm TWA	ACGIH Threshold Limit Value: 5 ppm TWA
Carcinogen--NTP Program: N/A	Carcinogen--IARC Program: N/A	
Symptoms of Exposure: Corrosive. Inhalation: Coughing, choking, inflammation of upper and lower respiratory tract. Ingestion: May cause burns in mouth, throat, and G.I. tract. Skin and Eye Contact: May cause severe burns.		
Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Pre-existing skin conditions. Eye Disease.		
Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, ingestion.		
Emergency First Aid: Inhalation: Move to fresh air; give artificial respiration as required. Ingestion: Give large quantities of water. Do not induce vomiting. Skin and Eyes: Flood with large amounts of water. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.		

VI. Reactivity Data

Stability: <input type="checkbox"/> Unstable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stable	Conditions to Avoid: High heat
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Alkalis, metals, acetic anhydride, ethylenediamine, chlorosulfonic acid.	
Hazardous Polymerization: <input type="checkbox"/> May occur <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Will not occur	Conditions to Avoid: High heat
Hazardous Decomposition Products: HCl fumes, H₂ from metals, Cl₂ from oxidizers.	

VII. Environmental Protection Procedures

Spill Response: Assure adequate ventilation in area of spill or positive pressure SCBA as required. Flush with water and neutralize with alkaline material (soda ash, lime). Treat as radioactive spill.
Waste Disposal Method: Radioactive material. Notify Health Physics/Radiation Safety.

VIII. Special Protection Information

Eye Protection: Chemical Safety Goggles.	Skin Protection: Gloves, Apron or Lab Gown
Respiratory Protection (Specific Type): Consult Health Physics Staff.	Ventilation Recommended: Consult Health Physics Staff
Other Protection: Handling of this material should be done in accordance with prescribed radioactive materials handling procedures.	

IX. Special Precautions

Hygienic Practices in Handling and Storing: Store in cool, dry storage area. Protect from physical damage. Consult Health Physics/Radiation Safety.
Procedures for Repair & Maintenance of Contaminated Equipment: Consult Health Physics. Treat Contaminated equipment as radioactive contamination problem.
Other Procedures: N/A

SHIPPER'S DECLARATION FOR DANGEROUS GOODS

Shipper
ISOTOPE PRODUCTS LABORATORIES
1800 NORTH KEYSTONE
BURBANK, CA 91504

Air Waybill No. **A40-2153-3740**
 Page 1 of 1 Pages
 Shipper's Reference Number **44705**
 (optional)

Consignee **UNIVERSITY OF MEDICINE & DENTISTRY**
RADIATION SAFETY, A-679
NJMS-UMDNJ, 185 S. ORANGE AVE.
NEWARK, NJ 07103

(Company logo, name and address optional)

Two completed and signed copies of this Declaration must be handed to the operator

WARNING

Failure to comply in all respects with the applicable Dangerous Goods Regulations may be in breach of the applicable law, subject to legal penalties. This Declaration must not, in any circumstances, be completed and/or signed by a consolidator, a forwarder or an IATA cargo agent.

TRANSPORT DETAILS

This shipment is within the limitations prescribed for

Airport of Departure

CARGO
 AIRCRAFT
 ONLY

LOS ANGELES

Airport of Destination

NEWARK

Shipment type

RADIOACTIVE

NATURE AND QUANTITY OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Dangerous Goods Identification					Quantity and type of packing	Packing Inst.	Authorization
Proper Shipping Name	Class or Division	UN or ID No.	Pack- ing Group	Subsi- diary Risk			
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL N.O.S.	7	UN2982			Po-210 LIQUID AS A WHITE CHLORIDE X 3.7MBq, ALL PACKED IN ONE TYPE A PACKAGE.	I	
						DIM. 31X 31X 31CM.	

Additional Handling Information

EMERGENCY # (818) 566-6933

THIS SHIPMENT MAY BE CARRIED ON PASSENGER AIRCRAFT OUTSIDE U.S. JURISDICTION.

I hereby declare that the contents of this consignment are fully and accurately described above by the proper shipping name, and are classified, packaged, marked and labelled/placarded, and are in all respects in proper condition for transport according to applicable international and national governmental regulations.

Name/Title of Signatory

M. LANDEROS/SHIPPING DEPT.

Place and Date

BURBANK, CA 16 JULY 98

Signature

(see warning above)

M. Landeros

SHIPPER'S DECLARATION FOR DANGEROUS GOODS

Shipper
ISOTOPE PRODUCTS LABORATORIES
1800 NORTH KEYSTONE
BURBANK, CA 91504

Air Waybill No. **A140-2153-3740**
 Page **1** of **1** Pages
 Shipper's Reference Number **44705**
 (optional)

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M. LANDEROS/SHIPPING DEPT.
 Place and Date

BURBANK, CA 16 JULY 98

Signature
 (see warning above)

M. Landeros

NOMINAL LIQUID SOURCE DATA SHEET

Customer: University of Medicine & Dentistry of NJ

Date: 10-Jul-98

P.O. Number: P0028058

Catalog No.: 6310

Quantity: 1

Source No.	Nuclide	Activity	Spec. Act.	Ref. Date	Conc.
580-68	Po-210	100 μ Ci	Not determined	1 Aug 98	100 μ Ci/ml

Volume (ml): 1

Chemical Form: PoCl_4 in 2M HCl

Radionuclidic Purity: >99%

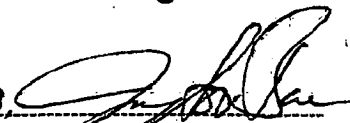
Leak Test Information is on the reverse side.

Impurities: None detected

Remarks:

Precaution: This container must not be opened until adequate health and safety measures are taken (such as placed in a hood, glove box, cell) to protect the user from excessive exposure to the body as a result of radiation and/or contamination. This material has not been sterilized or tested for pyrogenicity. For laboratory or manufacturing use only.

Lab Book-Page: 580-68

13 Jul 98 
Date, Signature



ISOTOPE PRODUCTS LABORATORIES

1800 N. KEYSTONE STREET
BURBANK, CALIFORNIA 91504

818-843-7000 FAX 818-843-6168

THE LEAK TEST(S) INDICATED BY THE CHECKED BOX(ES) WAS (WERE) APPLIED TO DETERMINE THE INTEGRITY OF THE SOURCE DESCRIBED ON THE FRONT SIDE

Standard Wipe Test

The source is wiped over its entire surface with a moistened paper disk. The total activity on the disk is measured using suitable radiation detection equipment. An activity level exceeding 0.001 μCi beta-gamma or 0.0001 μCi alpha is cause for rejection of the source.

Special Wipe Test

The source is wiped over its entire surface with moistened polystyrene. The polystyrene is then dissolved in a cocktail and counted in a liquid scintillation counter. An activity level exceeding 0.001 μCi beta-gamma or 0.0001 μCi alpha is cause for rejection of the source

Soak Test

The source is immersed in distilled water and maintained at $50^{\circ}\pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ for a minimum of four hours or at room temperature for a minimum of 12 hours. After removal of the source, the liquid is a) checked for activity using a scintillation counter, or b) evaporated in a planchet and the residue is measured using suitable radiation detection equipment. An activity level exceeding 0.001 μCi beta-gamma or 0.0001 μCi alpha is cause for rejection of the source.

Gas Source Test

The source is placed in a vacuum desiccator and maintained at less than 10mm Hg for not less than 12 hours. The activity is checked by introducing air into the desiccator and monitoring the air with an end-window G.M. tube. An activity level exceeding 0.001 μCi beta-gamma is cause for rejection of the source.

Ampule Leak Test

The ampule is kept in an inverted position on a filter paper disk for a minimum of 16 hours. The total activity on the paper is measured using suitable detection equipment. An activity level exceeding 0.001 μCi beta-gamma or 0.0001 μCi alpha is cause for rejection of the source.

Bubble Leak Test

The container is pressurized to its fill pressure; then soapy water is applied over its valve and neck. If no growing bubbles are observed, the container is considered leak free.

Leak Test Not Applicable

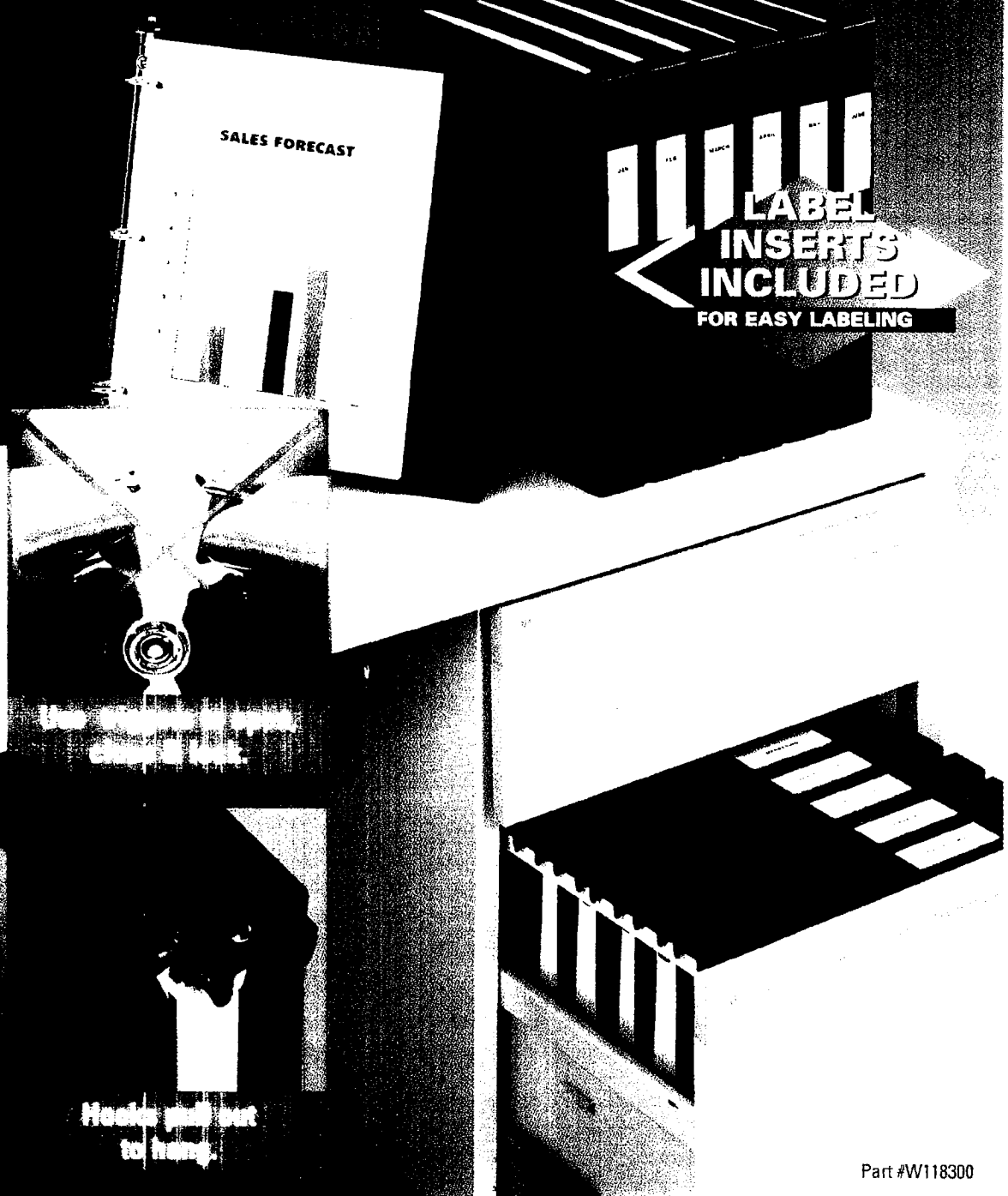
The active area of the source is uncovered or is protected by a very thin coating. Although the deposit is adherent, it is not designed or certified to pass a standard wipe test. The inactive portions of the source have been checked using the standard wipe test. Removable activity did not exceed 0.001 μCi beta-gamma or 0.0001 μCi alpha at the time of shipment.

Other Leak Test



DUBLLOCK® HANGING BINDER

Classeur suspendu DublLock®
Carpeta colgante DublLock®



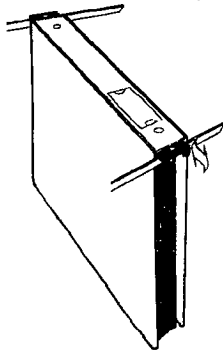
Hooks pull out
to hang.

Part #W118300

Wilson Jones 364 Line DublLock® Round Ring Binders

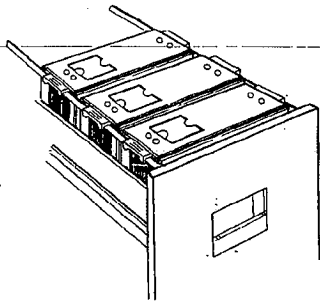
Colors	*1"	1½"	2"	3"
Black	364-14NB	364-34NB	364-44NB	364-49NB
Dark Blue	364-14NBL	364-34NBL	364-44NBL	364-49NBL
Burgundy	364-14NC	364-34NC	364-44NC	364-49NC
Green	364-14NG	364-34NG	364-44NG	364-49NG
Light Blue	364-14NJ	364-34NJ	364-44NJ	364-49NJ
Gray	364-14NM	364-34NM	364-44NM	364-49NM
Red	364-14NR	364-34NR	364-44NR	364-49NR

*1" capacity includes hanging hooks. Binder hangs in any standard file drawer

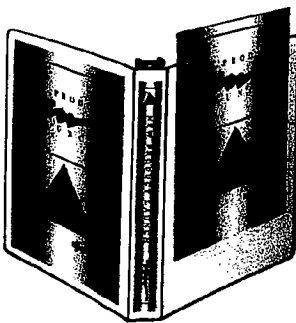


Wilson Jones makes a full line of hanging binder products to help you organize and save space.

1" capacity holds 240 sheets and is ideal for projects and reports.



2" and 3" capacity hold up to 750 pages of policy manuals, procedures and annual reports.



Presentation style comes in all three sizes. Customize the front cover & spine with your own inserts. Great for sales presentations!

Hanging binders come in a variety of cover materials: light-weight & waterproof poly, attractive & sturdy vinyl and economical pressboard.

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